



1  
00:00:18,870 --> 00:00:17,990  
yeah they occur approximately once per

2  
00:00:21,750 --> 00:00:18,880  
day

3  
00:00:24,390 --> 00:00:21,760  
brief intense powerful explosions of

4  
00:00:26,470 --> 00:00:24,400  
gamma-ray radiation of the likes not

5  
00:00:28,950 --> 00:00:26,480  
seen since the big bang

6  
00:00:31,589 --> 00:00:28,960  
they're called gamma-ray bursts and

7  
00:00:32,790 --> 00:00:31,599  
scientists are somewhat mystified as to

8  
00:00:35,030 --> 00:00:32,800  
their cause

9  
00:00:37,830 --> 00:00:35,040  
do they signal the birth of a black hole

10  
00:00:40,229 --> 00:00:37,840  
in a massive stellar explosion are they

11  
00:00:43,670 --> 00:00:40,239  
the product of two colliding neutron

12  
00:00:46,310 --> 00:00:43,680  
stars or is there something else that

13  
00:00:48,310 --> 00:00:46,320

prompts this intriguing phenomenon with

14

00:00:50,310 --> 00:00:48,320

its launch into low earth orbit in

15

00:00:52,310 --> 00:00:50,320

november 2004

16

00:00:54,470 --> 00:00:52,320

scientists have a dedicated tool with

17

00:00:56,790 --> 00:00:54,480

which to probe the gamma-ray burst

18

00:00:59,670 --> 00:00:56,800

mystery before swift launch to give you

19

00:01:02,389 --> 00:00:59,680

an example the satellite that actually

20

00:01:05,350 --> 00:01:02,399

saw the long burst

21

00:01:07,910 --> 00:01:05,360

it took at them eight hours to to go and

22

00:01:09,990 --> 00:01:07,920

look at that at that burst swift can do

23

00:01:12,230 --> 00:01:10,000

this in you know less than a minute

24

00:01:15,030 --> 00:01:12,240

named after the bird able to quickly

25

00:01:17,749 --> 00:01:15,040

snatch insects as it flies the swift

26

00:01:19,830 --> 00:01:17,759

observatory is agile quickly pointing

27

00:01:22,149 --> 00:01:19,840

its instruments at gamma-ray bursts and

28

00:01:25,030 --> 00:01:22,159

relaying burst locations to the ground

29

00:01:28,310 --> 00:01:25,040

within seconds swift can see usually i

30

00:01:30,469 --> 00:01:28,320

mean on average 100 births per year the

31

00:01:32,390 --> 00:01:30,479

number of birds that actually exist in

32

00:01:34,149 --> 00:01:32,400

the universe that we think are actually

33

00:01:35,990 --> 00:01:34,159

happening in the universe is of course

34

00:01:38,710 --> 00:01:36,000

much higher we think we actually see

35

00:01:40,469 --> 00:01:38,720

only maybe like one in a thousand this

36

00:01:43,350 --> 00:01:40,479

quick response is achieved by a

37

00:01:46,230 --> 00:01:43,360

complement of three on-board instruments

38

00:01:49,429 --> 00:01:46,240

the largest the burst alert telescope or

39

00:01:52,069 --> 00:01:49,439

bat can view approximately a sixth of

40

00:01:54,789 --> 00:01:52,079

the entire sky at one time

41

00:01:57,510 --> 00:01:54,799

the x-ray and the ultraviolet optical

42

00:02:00,069 --> 00:01:57,520

telescopes enable high precision x-ray

43

00:02:01,270 --> 00:02:00,079

and optical positions and spectra to be

44

00:02:03,590 --> 00:02:01,280

determined

45

00:02:05,910 --> 00:02:03,600

swift burst alerts allow both

46

00:02:08,469 --> 00:02:05,920

space-based and ground-based telescopes

47

00:02:10,630 --> 00:02:08,479

around the world to observe a burst

48

00:02:11,830 --> 00:02:10,640

afterglow immediately after its

49

00:02:14,630 --> 00:02:11,840

detection

50

00:02:16,390 --> 00:02:14,640

swift doesn't just look at gamma ray

51  
00:02:19,030 --> 00:02:16,400  
bursts and that's all they do they study

52  
00:02:21,589 --> 00:02:19,040  
a very large array of science which has

53  
00:02:23,430 --> 00:02:21,599  
come as an added bonus really to the

54  
00:02:25,589 --> 00:02:23,440  
mission they've basically for example

55  
00:02:27,990 --> 00:02:25,599  
they detected the first x-ray

56  
00:02:30,949 --> 00:02:28,000  
flash coming from a star that was just

57  
00:02:34,229 --> 00:02:30,959  
about to explode an international effort

58  
00:02:36,150 --> 00:02:34,239  
swift has observed some 450 births since

59  
00:02:38,630 --> 00:02:36,160  
its launch and provided the most

60  
00:02:41,509 --> 00:02:38,640  
comprehensive study of gamma-ray burst

61  
00:02:43,430 --> 00:02:41,519  
afterglows to date swift is really

62  
00:02:46,869 --> 00:02:43,440  
providing us with

63  
00:02:48,630 --> 00:02:46,879

a list of discoveries that just keep on

64

00:02:51,110 --> 00:02:48,640

growing and

65

00:02:53,750 --> 00:02:51,120

for a satellite or for a mission that

66

00:02:56,309 --> 00:02:53,760

size which had initially

67

00:02:59,750 --> 00:02:56,319

had a very focused goal which was gamma

68

00:03:02,149 --> 00:02:59,760

ray burst um this is the uh you know the

69

00:03:04,309 --> 00:03:02,159

the gift that keeps on giving for more

70

00:03:08,390 --> 00:03:04,319

information on the swift mission log on